



PET VALU HOLDINGS LTD.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

(Fiscal Year Ended December 30, 2023)

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for Pet Valu Holdings Ltd. ("we", "Pet Valu" or the "Company") was prepared as at March 4, 2024 and provides information concerning the Company's financial condition and results of operations for the 13-week and 52-week periods ended December 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes for Fiscal 2023 (as hereinafter defined). Additionally, readers should refer to the "Risk Factors" set forth in the Company's annual information form dated March 4, 2024 ("AIF") for further information. Additional information about Pet Valu Holdings Ltd. can be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Basis of Presentation

The Company's audited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), using the accounting policies described therein. All amounts are presented in thousands of Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated and per share amounts. The Company is managed based on one operating and reportable segment.

The Company operates on a 52- or 53-week fiscal year, concluding on the Saturday nearest to December 31. The Company's fiscal quarters conclude on the Saturday nearest to the end of each quarter. Each quarterly period has 13 weeks, except for a 53-week year when the fourth quarter will have 14 weeks. The 13-week and 52-week periods ended December 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, represent the Company's results for its fourth quarter and the fiscal year of the relevant financial years.

All references in this MD&A to "Q4 2023" are to the 13-week period ended December 30, 2023, to "Q4 2022" are to the 13-week period ended December 31, 2022, to "Fiscal 2023" are to the 52-week period ended December 30, 2023, and to "Fiscal 2022" are to the 52-week period ended December 31, 2022. Figures presented in this MD&A are in thousands of Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for Fiscal 2023 and this MD&A were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors.

Non-IFRS and Other Financial Measures

This MD&A makes reference to certain non-IFRS measures and non-IFRS ratios. These measures and ratios are not recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. They are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Rather, these measures are provided as additional information to complement IFRS measures by providing further understanding of the Company's results of operations from management's perspective. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered in isolation nor as a substitute for the Company's analysis of its financial information reported under IFRS. The Company uses non-IFRS measures, including "EBITDA", "Adjusted EBITDA", "Adjusted Net Income", "Free Cash Flow", and "Net Capital Expenditures", and non-IFRS ratios, including "Adjusted EBITDA margin", "Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue", "Adjusted Net Income as percentage of revenue", and "Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share". This MD&A also makes reference to certain supplementary financial measures that are commonly used in the retail industry, including "system-wide sales", "same-store sales growth", "same-store transaction growth", and "same-store average spend per transaction growth". These non-IFRS measures, non-IFRS ratios and supplementary financial measures are used to provide investors with supplemental measures of the Company's operating performance and thus highlight trends in its core business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on IFRS measures. The Company also believes that securities analysts, investors and other interested parties frequently use such non-IFRS measures, non-IFRS ratios and supplementary financial measures in the evaluation of issuers. Management of the Company uses non-IFRS measures, non-IFRS ratios and supplementary financial measures in order to facilitate operating performance comparisons from period to period, to prepare annual operating budgets and to determine components of management compensation. Refer to "Selected Consolidated Financial Information and Industry Metrics" and "Selected Quarterly Results and Performance Measures" for a reconciliation of net income, an IFRS measure, to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income. Refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Free Cash Flow" for a reconciliation of Free Cash Flow.

Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is provided as at the date of this MD&A and is based on management's opinions, estimates and assumptions in light of its experience and perception of historical trends, current trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that management believes appropriate and reasonable in the circumstances. Such forward-looking information is intended to provide information about management's current expectations and plans, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Pet Valu does not undertake to update any such forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required under applicable Canadian securities laws.

Forward-looking information may relate to the Company's future financial outlook and anticipated events or results and may include information regarding our financial position, business strategy, growth strategies, store openings and enhancements, addressable markets, budgets, operations, financial results, taxes, dividend policy, plans and objectives. Particularly, information regarding our expectations of future results, performance, achievements, prospects or opportunities or the markets in which we operate is forward-looking information. In some cases, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "targets", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "an opportunity exists", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "outlook", "forecasts", "projection", "prospects", "strategy", "intends", "anticipates", "does not anticipate", "believes", "continue", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might", "will", "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, intentions, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances contain forward-looking information. Statements containing forward-looking information are not facts but instead represent management's expectations, estimates and projections regarding future events or circumstances.

Many factors could cause the Company's actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements or future events or developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking information, including, without limitation, the factors discussed in the "Risk Factors" section of this MD&A and in our most recent AIF. A copy of the AIF can be accessed under our profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. These factors are not intended to represent a complete list of the factors that could affect the Company; however, these factors should be considered carefully.

The purpose of the forward-looking information is to provide the reader with a description of management's current expectations regarding the Company's financial performance and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information contained herein. To the extent any forward-looking information in this MD&A constitutes future-oriented financial information, within the meaning of applicable securities laws, such information is being provided to demonstrate the potential of the Company and readers are cautioned that this information may not be appropriate for any other purpose. Future-oriented financial information, as with forward-looking information generally, are based on current assumptions and subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors. The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Financial Highlights

The following tables set forth the selected financial information and industry metrics for the periods indicated (in thousands, except system-wide stores or as otherwise noted). We refer the reader to the section entitled "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business" of this MD&A for the definition of the items in the following table and, when applicable, to the section entitled "Selected Consolidated Financial Information and Industry Metrics" for reconciliations of non-IFRS measures with the most directly comparable IFRS measures.

Q4 2023 Compared to Q4 2022

	Quarters Ended		
	December 30, December 31,		% Change
	2023	2022	
	13 weeks	13 weeks	
Revenue	\$ 286,908	\$ 266,044	7.8 %
Gross profit margin	34.3 %	36.2 %	n/a
Operating income	\$ 48,265	\$ 42,411	13.8 %
Net income	\$ 28,765	\$ 25,881	11.1 %
System-wide sales ⁽¹⁾	\$ 379,013	\$ 360,634	5.1 %
System-wide stores	783	744	5.2 %
Same-store sales growth ⁽¹⁾	1.9 %	11.8 %	n/a
Same-store transaction growth ⁽¹⁾	(1.1)%	4.6 %	n/a
Same-store average spend per transaction growth ⁽¹⁾	3.0 %	6.9 %	n/a
EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$ 63,520	\$ 52,424	21.2 %
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$ 71,256	\$ 59,301	20.2 %
Adjusted Net Income ⁽²⁾	\$ 39,096	\$ 31,127	25.6 %
Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share ⁽³⁾	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.43	25.6 %
Free Cash Flow ⁽²⁾	\$ 34,277	\$ 25,020	37.0 %

Notes:

(1) System-wide sales, same-store sales growth, same-store transaction growth, and same-store average spend per transaction growth are supplementary financial measures. For further information on supplementary financial measures, see "Non-IFRS and Other Financial Measures".

(2) EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Free Cash Flow are non-IFRS measures. Non-IFRS measures are not determined in accordance with IFRS, do not have standardized meanings and may not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other companies. See "Selected Consolidated Financial Information and Industry Metrics" for a reconciliation of net income, an IFRS measure, to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income. See "– Liquidity and Capital Resources – Free Cash Flow" for a reconciliation of Free Cash Flow.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share is a non-IFRS ratio. Non-IFRS ratios are not determined in accordance with IFRS, do not have standardized meanings and may not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other companies. For further information on non-IFRS ratios, see "Non-IFRS Measures and Other Financial Measures" and "How We Assess the Performance of our Business".

Fiscal 2023 Compared to Fiscal 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended		
	December 30,	December 31,	
	2023	2022	
	52 weeks	52 weeks	% Change
Revenue	\$ 1,055,867	\$ 951,697	10.9 %
Gross profit margin	34.6 %	37.0 %	n/a
Operating income	\$ 160,726	\$ 160,192	0.3 %
Net income	\$ 89,548	\$ 100,766	(11.1)%
System-wide sales	\$ 1,419,733	\$ 1,290,719	10.0 %
System-wide stores	783	744	5.2 %
Same-store sales growth	5.2 %	17.1 %	n/a
Same-store transaction growth	0.7 %	11.8 %	n/a
Same-store average spend per transaction growth	4.4 %	4.8 %	n/a
EBITDA	\$ 206,538	\$ 197,222	4.7 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 231,038	\$ 214,844	7.5 %
Adjusted Net Income	\$ 116,538	\$ 114,571	1.7 %
Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share	\$ 1.61	\$ 1.59	1.3 %
Free Cash Flow	\$ 48,660	\$ 50,184	(3.0)%

Overview

Our mission is to be Canada's preferred pet retailer delivering the products, care, expertise, and memorable moments that devoted pet lovers want...locally in stores and everywhere online.

Since opening our first store in 1976, Pet Valu has grown to become Canada's leading pet retailer. As at the end of Q4 2023, we operate 783 corporate-owned and franchised locations across the country – more than three times the number of stores of our closest competitor. Over our history, we have earned the trust and loyalty of devoted pet owners with our compassionate and knowledgeable service, our premium product offering which includes our award-winning proprietary brands, our in-store services and our expanding omni-channel capabilities. This winning strategy is underpinned by our highly flexible operating model which allows us to deliver superior unit economics and growth.

We and our franchisees have the largest specialty pet store network in Canada which creates significant brand awareness and provides our stores with access to millions of Canadian pet owners. We combine our scale with a highly localized retail strategy allowing us to offer our customers premium products at competitive prices while delivering personalized service. In addition to our nationally recognized and trusted Pet Valu banner, we also operate three banners in British Columbia (Bosley's by Pet Valu, Tisol, and Total Pet), the Paulmac's Pets banner in Ontario, and the Chico banner in Quebec. These longstanding banners are deeply embedded in their respective communities and benefit from the scale of our national operating network.

Recent Developments

Fiscal 2022:

Acquisition of Chico

On February 25, 2022, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Les Franchises Chico Inc. and 9353-0145 Quebec Inc. (collectively referred to as “Chico”), a franchisor of pet specialty stores in Quebec, Canada, for a total purchase price of approximately \$17.0 million. The purpose of the acquisition was to expand the Company’s presence in the Quebec market. The Fiscal 2022 results include the consolidation of Chico from the acquisition date.

2022 Secondary Offering

On November 17, 2022, a secondary offering (the “2022 Secondary Offering”) of the Company’s common shares was completed by its principal shareholders on a bought deal basis. The 2022 Secondary Offering of 5,175,000 common shares at an offering price of \$37.40 per common share raised gross proceeds of \$193.5 million for the principal shareholders. The Company did not issue additional common shares or receive any of the proceeds from the 2022 Secondary Offering. Underwriting fees were paid by the principal shareholders, and other expenses related to the 2022 Secondary Offering of approximately \$0.4 million were paid by the Company and included in selling, general and administrative expenses in Fiscal 2022.

Fiscal 2023:

2023 Secondary Offering

On June 1, 2023, a secondary offering (the “2023 Secondary Offering”) of the Company’s common shares was completed by its principal shareholders on a bought deal basis. The 2023 Secondary Offering of 4,690,000 common shares at an offering price of \$32.05 per common share raised gross proceeds of \$150.3 million for the principal shareholders. The Company did not issue additional common shares or receive any of the proceeds from the 2023 Secondary Offering. Underwriting fees were paid by the principal shareholders, and other expenses related to the 2023 Secondary Offering of approximately \$0.3 million were paid by the Company and included in selling, general and administrative expenses in Fiscal 2023.

Opening of Greater Toronto Area ("GTA") Distribution Centre

In July 2023, the Company officially commenced operation of its state-of-the-art 670,000 square foot distribution centre in Brampton, Ontario, representing a key milestone in the Company’s nationwide \$110.0 million supply chain transformation and facilitating wholesale capability for Chico franchisees starting in November 2023.

New Metro Vancouver Region ("MVR") Distribution Centre

In July 2023, the Company entered into a lease for a new 350,000 square foot LEED-certified distribution centre in Surrey, British Columbia. The Company took possession of the distribution centre on November 1, 2023 and is currently completing its tenant fit-up work.

Normal Course Issuer Bid

On November 28, 2023, the Company announced that the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") had accepted its notice of intention to launch a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"). Pursuant to the NCIB, the Company may purchase for cancellation up to an aggregate of 1,786,599 common shares, representing approximately 2.5% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares as at November 16, 2023, over the 12-month period commencing November 30, 2023 and ending November 29, 2024.

Effective November 24, 2023, the Company established an automatic share purchase plan ("ASPP") in connection with the NCIB to facilitate the purchase of common shares during certain periods when the Company would not be permitted to purchase shares due to regulatory restrictions or a self-imposed black out period. Before entering a black out period, the Company may, but is not required to, instruct its designated broker to make purchases at the broker's sole discretion and based on parameters set by the Company in accordance with the ASPP, NCIB, TSX rules, and applicable securities laws.

Selected Consolidated Financial Information and Industry Metrics

The following table summarizes the Company's recent results of operations and selected financial position data for the periods indicated. The selected consolidated financial information set out below has been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes (in thousands unless otherwise noted).

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended		
	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022
	13 weeks	13 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks
Revenue					
Retail sales	\$ 110,089	\$ 109,289	\$ 421,828	\$ 402,586	\$ 347,305
Franchise and other revenues	176,819	156,755	634,039	549,111	428,708
Total Revenue	286,908	266,044	1,055,867	951,697	776,013
Cost of sales	188,407	169,740	690,730	599,400	488,834
Gross profit	98,501	96,304	365,137	352,297	287,179
Selling, general and administrative expenses	50,236	53,893	204,411	192,105	157,773
Operating income	48,265	42,411	160,726	160,192	129,406
Interest expenses, net	8,456	6,429	30,646	20,478	46,873
(Gain) loss on foreign exchange	(256)	180	188	1,111	(42,560)
Other loss (income)	—	139	4,718	(68)	8
Income before income taxes	40,065	35,663	125,174	138,671	125,085
Income tax expense	11,300	9,782	35,626	37,905	26,292
Net income	28,765	25,881	89,548	100,766	98,793
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company	28,765	25,881	89,548	100,766	95,363
Non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	3,430
Net income	\$ 28,765	\$ 25,881	\$ 89,548	\$ 100,766	\$ 98,793
Basic net income per share attributable to the common shareholders	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.37	\$ 1.26	\$ 1.43	\$ 1.36
Diluted net income per share attributable to the common shareholders	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.36	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.33

	Fiscal Year Ended		
	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022
Total assets	\$ 916,907	\$ 740,176	\$ 599,173
Total non-current liabilities	674,940	550,595	541,298

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods indicated (in thousands unless otherwise noted):

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	13 weeks	13 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks
Reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA:				
Net income	\$ 28,765	\$ 25,881	\$ 89,548	\$ 100,766
Depreciation and amortization	14,999	10,332	50,718	38,073
Interest expenses, net	8,456	6,429	30,646	20,478
Income tax expense	11,300	9,782	35,626	37,905
EBITDA	63,520	52,424	206,538	197,222
Adjustments to EBITDA:				
Information technology transformation costs ⁽¹⁾	864	1,984	3,309	5,313
Business transformation costs ⁽²⁾	4,037	1,482	9,689	2,697
Other professional fees ⁽³⁾	225	714	741	1,873
Share-based compensation ⁽⁴⁾	2,866	1,930	5,855	6,248
Asset impairments ⁽⁵⁾	—	448	—	448
(Gain) loss on foreign exchange ⁽⁶⁾	(256)	180	188	1,111
Investment in associate ⁽⁷⁾	—	139	4,718	(68)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 71,256	\$ 59,301	\$ 231,038	\$ 214,844
Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue⁽⁸⁾	24.8%	22.3%	21.9%	22.6%

Notes:

- (1) Represents discrete, project-based implementation costs associated with new information technology systems and discrete Software-as-a-Service ("SaaS") arrangements for transformational initiatives supporting merchandise planning, inventory and order management, e-commerce and omni-channel capabilities, customer relationship management and other key processes.
- (2) Represents expenses associated with supply chain transformation initiatives such as duplicative warehousing and distribution costs, implementation costs associated with new information technology systems and other transition costs incurred during the transition to a new distribution centre. The expenses included in cost of sales in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 were \$2.4 million and \$5.0 million, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$nil). The expenses included in selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$0.8 million and \$3.9 million in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$1.5 million and \$2.7 million, respectively). Additionally, business transformation costs include \$0.8M of severance related expenses associated with restructuring activities in certain business support functions in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$nil).
- (3) Professional fees primarily incurred with respect to: (i) the Canada Revenue Agency's ("CRA") examination of the Company's Canadian tax filings for the 2016 fiscal year and in Fiscal 2023 for the 2018 fiscal year; (ii) acquisition and integration costs incurred in relation to Chico in Fiscal 2022; and (iii) professional fees incurred with respect to the 2022 Secondary Offering and 2023 Secondary Offering.
- (4) Represents share-based compensation in respect of our amended and restated share option plan, long-term incentive plan, and deferred share unit plan.
- (5) Non-cash impairment charge taken against certain right-of-use assets for closed or relocated corporate-owned stores.
- (6) Represents foreign exchange gains and losses.
- (7) Represents the Company's share of loss from associate of \$nil and \$3.4 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively) and loss or (gain) on the fair value of the related call option for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 of \$nil and \$1.3 million, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$(0.1) million and \$(0.6) million, respectively).
- (8) Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue is a non-IFRS ratio. Non-IFRS ratios are not determined in accordance with IFRS, do not have standardized meanings and may not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other companies. For further information on non-IFRS ratios, see "Non-IFRS Measures and Other Financial Measures" and "How We Assess the Performance of our Business".

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income for the periods and years indicated (in thousands unless otherwise noted):

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 30,	December 31,	December 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	13 weeks	13 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks
Reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income:				
Net income	\$ 28,765	\$ 25,881	\$ 89,548	\$ 100,766
Adjustments to net income:				
Information technology transformation costs ⁽¹⁾	864	1,984	3,309	5,313
Business transformation costs ⁽²⁾	9,558	1,482	18,790	2,697
Other professional fees ⁽³⁾	225	714	741	1,873
Share-based compensation ⁽⁴⁾	2,866	1,930	5,855	6,248
Asset impairments ⁽⁵⁾	—	448	—	448
(Gain) loss on foreign exchange ⁽⁶⁾	(256)	180	188	1,111
Investment in associate ⁽⁷⁾	—	139	4,718	(68)
Tax effect of adjustments to net income	(2,926)	(1,631)	(6,611)	(3,817)
Adjusted Net Income	\$ 39,096	\$ 31,127	\$ 116,538	\$ 114,571
Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue⁽⁸⁾	13.6%	11.7%	11.0%	12.0%
Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.43	\$ 1.61	\$ 1.59

Notes:

- (1) Represents discrete, project-based implementation costs associated with new information technology systems and discrete SaaS arrangements for transformational initiatives supporting merchandise planning, inventory and order management, e-commerce and omni-channel capabilities, customer relationship management and other key processes.
- (2) Represents expenses associated with supply chain transformation initiatives such as duplicative warehousing and distribution costs, implementation costs associated with new information technology systems, and other transition costs incurred during the transition to a new distribution centre. This also includes duplicative depreciation expense on property and equipment and right-of-use assets, and interest expense on lease liabilities. The expenses included in cost of sales in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 were \$6.3 million and \$11.4 million, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$nil). The expenses included in selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$0.8 million and \$3.9 million in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$1.5 million and \$2.7 million, respectively). The interest expense on the lease liability in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 were \$1.7 million and \$2.7 million, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$nil). Additionally, business transformation costs include \$0.8M of severance related expenses associated with restructuring activities in certain business support functions in Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$nil).
- (3) Professional fees primarily incurred with respect to: (i) the CRA's examination of the Company's Canadian tax filings for the 2016 fiscal year and in Fiscal 2023 for the 2018 fiscal year; (ii) acquisition and integration costs incurred in relation to Chico in Fiscal 2022; and (iii) professional fees incurred with respect to the 2022 Secondary Offering and 2023 Secondary Offering.
- (4) Represents share-based compensation in respect of our amended and restated share option plan, long-term incentive plan, and deferred share unit plan.
- (5) Non-cash impairment charge taken against certain right-of-use assets for closed or relocated corporate-owned stores.
- (6) Represents foreign exchange gains and losses.
- (7) Represents the Company's share of loss from associate of \$nil and \$3.4 million for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively) and loss or (gain) on the fair value of the related call option for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 of \$nil and \$1.3 million, respectively (Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022 – \$(0.1) million and \$(0.6) million, respectively).
- (8) Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue is a non-IFRS ratio. Non-IFRS ratios are not determined in accordance with IFRS, do not have standardized meanings and may not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other companies. For further information on non-IFRS ratios, see "Non-IFRS Measures and Other Financial Measures" and "How We Assess the Performance of our Business".

Supplemental Information on Leased Premises

The table below provides additional information on expenses for leased premises associated with the application of IFRS 16, *Leases*.

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	13 weeks	13 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets ⁽¹⁾	\$ 8,010	\$ 4,716	\$ 25,119	\$ 18,565
Interest expense on lease liabilities ⁽¹⁾	5,280	3,002	16,247	11,577
Interest income on lease receivables ⁽¹⁾	(2,360)	(1,979)	(8,844)	(7,418)
Net depreciation and interest expense associated to leased premises	\$ 10,930	\$ 5,739	\$ 32,522	\$ 22,724

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Represents income and expenses for leased premises included in the consolidated statements of financial position related to the application of IFRS 16, *Leases*. Specifically, this includes depreciation on right-of-use assets for leased premises, interest expense on lease liabilities for leased premises and interest income on lease receivables. For additional information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements for the periods ended December 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Summary of Factors Affecting Performance

We believe that our performance and future success depends on a number of factors that present significant opportunities for us. These factors are also subject to, and may pose, a number of inherent risks and challenges. Refer to "Risk Factors" in our most recent AIF for additional information.

Store Expansion and Enhancement

Between 2021 and 2023, we grew our store network at a compound annual growth rate of 9.0%, having opened 28 net new stores in 2021, 45 net new stores and acquired 66 franchised stores as part of the Chico acquisition in 2022, and 39 net new stores in 2023. In Fiscal 2024, the Company plans to open 40 to 50 new stores, mixed between corporate-owned and franchised stores. In addition to opening new stores, the Company has increased sales and operating results by enhancing elements of its existing stores by enlarging square footage, adding in-store services, and relocating or renovating stores. From 2021 to 2023, we and our franchisees expanded, renovated, or relocated an average of 33 stores per year. The Company and its franchisees plan to expand, renovate or relocate between 20 to 30 stores in Fiscal 2024.

The following table summarizes the change in the Company's store count for the periods indicated:

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 30,	December 31,	December 30,	December 31,
	2023 13 weeks	2022 13 weeks	2023 52 weeks	2022 52 weeks
Corporate-owned stores:				
Beginning of period	225	230	225	227
New stores opened	7	6	15	14
Re-franchised ⁽¹⁾	(10)	(10)	(19)	(14)
Franchise acquisition ⁽¹⁾	—	—	1	—
Stores closed	—	(1)	—	(2)
Corporate-owned stores end of period	222	225	222	225
Franchised stores:				
Beginning of period	541	499	519	406
New stores opened	10	10	24	34
Chico acquisition	—	—	—	66
Re-franchised ⁽¹⁾	10	10	19	14
Franchise acquisition ⁽¹⁾	—	—	(1)	—
Stores closed	—	—	—	(1)
Franchised stores end of period	561	519	561	519
System-wide stores	783	744	783	744
Stores renovated, expanded or relocated⁽²⁾	11	15	40	35

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Re-franchised means a store previously run as a corporate-owned store and now owned and operated by a franchisee. Franchise acquisition means a store previously run by a franchisee now owned and operated by the Company as a corporate-owned store.

⁽²⁾ During Q4 2023, Q4 2022, Fiscal 2023, and Fiscal 2022, the Company renovated, expanded, or relocated a total of six, nine, 16, and 20 corporate-owned stores, respectively. During Q4 2023, Q4 2022, Fiscal 2023, and Fiscal 2022, there were five, six, 24, and 15 franchised stores renovated, expanded, or relocated respectively.

How We Assess the Performance of Our Business

Revenue. The Company's revenue is comprised of retail sales and franchise and other revenues. The following is a brief description of the components of our revenue:

- The Company's retail sales include corporate-owned retail store and e-commerce merchandise sales as well as in-store grooming and dog wash services. Retail sales are net of sales tax collected from the customer on behalf of government authorities.
- Franchise and other revenues include both one-time and ongoing amounts, consisting of initial and renewal franchise fees, royalties, percentage rent and common area maintenance and realty tax revenues from properties subleased to franchisees, wholesale merchandise sales, promotion fees, and fees for other services. Franchise royalties, promotion fees and percentage rent are based on a percentage of the franchisees' retail sales. Percentage rent represents the Company's variable participation in sales performance when such figure is in excess of a contractual minimum base rent. The portion in excess of base rent is included in royalties and sublease revenues.

Cost of sales. Cost of sales reflects inventory and product-related costs, warehousing and distribution costs, depreciation expense for store right-of-use assets and distribution centre assets and occupancy costs related to store operations, such as variable lease payments, common area maintenance, utilities and general store maintenance.

Gross profit. Gross profit reflects our revenue less cost of sales.

Gross profit margin. Gross profit margin is defined as gross profit as a percentage of revenue and is impacted by components of cost of sales, product mix and markdowns.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses (“SG&A”) are predominantly comprised of wages, benefits, share-based compensation, franchise development expenses, travel, marketing, professional fees and other expenses related to the corporate infrastructure required to support our corporate-owned and franchised stores. SG&A expenses also include depreciation and amortization expenses for all property and equipment at corporate-owned stores and the corporate office, intangible assets, and corporate office right-of-use assets.

Operating income. Operating income is defined as gross profit less selling, general and administrative expenses.

EBITDA. EBITDA is defined as net income (loss) before interest expense (net), income tax expense (recovery) and depreciation and amortization.

Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income (loss) before interest expense (net), income tax expense (recovery) and depreciation and amortization adjusted for the impact of certain expenses, costs or benefits incurred which in management’s view are not indicative of the underlying business performance, including information technology transformation costs (representing discrete, project-based implementation costs associated with new technology systems and discrete SaaS arrangements costs for transformational initiatives), business transformation costs, other professional fees (incurred with respect to the examination of tax filings for the 2016 and 2018 fiscal years, the Chico acquisition, the 2022 Secondary Offering, and the 2023 Secondary Offering), share-based compensation expense, asset impairments, gain or loss on foreign exchange, and investment in associate (representing the share of gain or loss from an associate, including impairment losses, and any gains or losses on a related call option). We believe Adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure of operating performance as it provides a more relevant picture of operating results by facilitating a comparison of our performance on a consistent basis from period-to-period and provides a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business.

Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue or Adjusted EBITDA margin. Adjusted EBITDA as percentage of revenue or Adjusted EBITDA margin is defined as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. We believe Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue or Adjusted EBITDA margin is a useful measure to assess performance as it facilitates a comparison of our operating performance on a consistent basis from period-to-period and to provide for a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business.

Adjusted Net Income. Adjusted Net Income is defined as net income (loss), adjusted for the impact of certain expenses, costs or benefits incurred which in management’s view are not indicative of the underlying business performance, including information technology transformation costs (representing discrete, project-based implementation costs associated with new technology systems and discrete SaaS arrangements costs for transformational initiatives), business transformation costs, other professional fees (incurred with respect to the examination of tax filings for the 2016 and 2018 fiscal years, the Chico acquisition, the 2022 Secondary Offering, and the 2023 Secondary Offering), share-based compensation expense, asset impairments, gain or loss on foreign exchange, and investment in associate (representing the share of gain or loss from an associate, including impairment losses, and any gains or losses on a related call option). We believe Adjusted Net Income is a useful measure of performance, as it provides a more relevant picture of results and facilitates a comparison of our performance on a consistent basis from period-to-period and provides a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business.

Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue. Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue is defined as Adjusted Net Income divided by revenue. We believe Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue is a useful measure to assess performance as it facilitates a comparison of our operating performance on a consistent basis from period-to-period and provides a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business

Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share. Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share is defined as Adjusted Net Income divided by the total weighted average number of outstanding diluted common shares at the end of the most recently completed quarter for the relevant period. We believe Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share is a useful measure to assess the performance of the Company.

Free Cash Flow. Free Cash Flow is defined as net cash generated from operating activities and investing activities less repayments of principal on lease liabilities, interest on lease liabilities and notes receivables. It is a key metric as an indicator of how much cash is available for debt repayment, share repurchases, re-investment in the Company and other financing activities. Our ability to generate Free Cash Flow is an indicator of the financial strength of our business, as we require capital expenditures to build and maintain stores and purchase new equipment to improve our business and infrastructure.

Net Capital Expenditures. Net Capital Expenditures represents purchases of property and equipment, purchase of intangible assets, proceeds on disposal of property and equipment and tenant allowances on a cash basis as disclosed in our consolidated statements of cash flows in the investing activities.

System-wide stores. System-wide stores reflects the number of total stores, including corporate-owned and franchised stores, open across the system at the end of a particular reporting period. The number of corporate-owned and franchised stores along with the number of operating weeks is used by management to evaluate new store growth, system-wide sales, franchise revenues and store performance.

System-wide sales. System-wide sales reflects the aggregation of retail sales at corporate-owned stores, e-commerce sales, plus the franchise retail sales occurring at franchised stores to their customers. This measure allows management to assess changes in the Company's overall system performance, the health of its brand and the strength of its market position relative to its competitors. System-wide sales are driven by the number of system-wide stores open in any period and their respective growth. For clarity, franchise retail sales are not included in the total revenue figure. The Company's revenue reflects retail sales and franchise and other revenue as defined under the definition of revenue above.

Same-store sales growth. Same-store sales growth is defined as the percentage change in retail sales generated by system-wide stores, that have been opened for at least 52 weeks and e-commerce sales relative to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Stores that are renovated, expanded, or relocated are included in the metric on the first day of operation if the original store was open for at least 52 weeks. Stores that are acquired through business acquisitions are excluded from this metric for at least 52 weeks from the date of the acquisition. The primary drivers of same-store sales growth are changes in the transaction count and the average spend per transaction. Same-store sales growth is used by management to better understand the level of growth of our business as it explains what portion of the sales growth is attributable to established stores and what portion can be attributed to the opening of new stores.

Same-store transaction growth. Same-store transaction growth is defined as the percentage change in the number of store transactions generated by system-wide stores, that have been opened for at least 52 weeks and e-commerce sales relative to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Stores that are renovated, expanded, or relocated are included in the metric on the first day of operation if the original

store was open for at least 52 weeks. Stores that are acquired through business acquisitions are excluded from this metric for at least 52 weeks from the date of the acquisition.

Same-store average spend per transaction growth. Same-store average spend per transaction growth is defined as retail sales generated by system-wide stores, that have been opened for at least 52 weeks and e-commerce sales relative to the same period in the prior fiscal year divided by the number of same-store transactions generated by system-wide stores, unless otherwise noted, that have been opened for at least 52 weeks and e-commerce sales relative to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Stores that are acquired through business acquisitions are excluded from this metric for at least 52 weeks from the date of the acquisition.

Results of Operations

Analysis of Results for Q4 2023 compared to Q4 2022

Revenue. Total revenue was \$286.9 million in Q4 2023, an increase of \$20.9 million, or 7.8%, compared to \$266.0 million in Q4 2022. The increase in revenue was driven by growth in retail sales, as well as franchise and other revenues, as described in more detail below.

Retail sales. Retail sales were \$110.1 million in Q4 2023, an increase of \$0.8 million, or 0.7%, as compared to \$109.3 million in Q4 2022. The increase in retail sales was primarily attributable to higher same-store sales growth and new store openings in the last 12 months partially offset by re-franchised stores.

Franchise and other revenues. Franchise and other revenues were \$176.8 million in Q4 2023, an increase of \$20.1 million, or 12.8%, as compared to \$156.8 million in Q4 2022. The increase in franchise and other revenues was mostly due to higher wholesale merchandise sales of \$14.3 million, higher franchise contributions for advertising and other services of \$3.4 million, and higher royalties and sub-lease revenues of \$2.3 million driven by: (i) an increase in the number of franchised stores in the last 12 months and (ii) higher same-store sales growth.

Same-store sales growth. Same-store sales growth was 1.9% in Q4 2023 primarily driven by a 3.0% increase in same-store average spend per transaction and partially offset by a 1.1% decrease in same-store transactions. This is compared to same-store sales growth of 11.8% in Q4 2022, which primarily consisted of a 4.6% increase in same-store transactions and a 6.9% increase in same-store average spend per transaction.

Gross profit. Gross profit increased by \$2.2 million, or 2.3%, to \$98.5 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$96.3 million in Q4 2022. Gross profit margin was 34.3% in Q4 2023, compared to 36.2% in Q4 2022. Excluding costs related to the supply chain transformation of 2.2%, the gross profit margin was 36.5% and increased by 0.3%. The increase was primarily driven by: (i) favourable product margins including lower inbound freight costs; (ii) higher franchise fees; and partially offset by (iii) vendor recoveries in Q4 2022 associated with supply chain disruptions; (iv) increased discounts related to planned promotional activity; and (v) the unfavourable impact of the weaker Canadian dollar on non-domestic sourced products primarily denominated in U.S. dollars.

SG&A expenses. SG&A expenses were \$50.2 million in Q4 2023, a decrease of \$3.7 million, or 6.8%, compared to \$53.9 million in Q4 2022. SG&A expenses represented 17.5% and 20.3% of total revenue for Q4 2023 and Q4 2022, respectively. The decrease of \$3.7 million in SG&A expenses was primarily due to: (i) lower technology expenditures mostly from project-based implementation costs associated with new information technology systems; (ii) decreased compensation costs due to lower variable compensation expenses; and (iii) lower professional fees.

Operating income. Operating income increased by \$5.9 million to \$48.3 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$42.4 million in Q4 2022. The change in operating income is explained by the factors impacting gross profit and SG&A expenses described above.

Net interest expense. Net interest expense was \$8.5 million in Q4 2023, an increase of \$2.0 million, or 31.5%, compared to \$6.4 million in Q4 2022. The increase was primarily driven by higher interest expense on lease liabilities resulting from the new Greater Toronto Area ("GTA") distribution centre and the new Metro Vancouver Region ("MVR") distribution centre.

Income taxes. Income taxes were \$11.3 million in Q4 2023 compared to \$9.8 million in Q4 2022, an increase of \$1.5 million year over year. The increase in income taxes was primarily the result of higher taxable earnings in Q4 2023. The effective income tax rate was 28.2% in Q4 2023 compared to 27.4% in Q4 2022. The Q4 2023 and Q4 2022 effective tax rate was higher than the blended statutory rate of 26.5% primarily due to non-deductible expenses.

Net income. Net income increased by \$2.9 million to \$28.8 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$25.9 million in Q4 2022 mainly from the factors described above and a net change of \$0.4 million from foreign exchange.

Diluted net income per share attributable to the common shareholders. Diluted net income per share attributable to the common shareholders increased by \$0.04 to \$0.40 in Q4 2023, compared to \$0.36 in Q4 2022 primarily due to the increase in net income as explained by the factors above.

Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA increased by \$12.0 million, or 20.2%, to \$71.3 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$59.3 million in Q4 2022. Adjusted EBITDA excludes \$0.9 million of higher costs from business transformation, share-based compensation, information technology transformation, other professional fees, investment in associate, asset impairment, and gain in foreign exchange. Adjusted EBITDA also increased due to higher EBITDA of \$11.1 million in Q4 2023 compared to Q4 2022. Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue was 24.8% and 22.3% in Q4 2023 and Q4 2022, respectively.

Adjusted Net Income. Adjusted Net Income increased by \$8.0 million to \$39.1 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$31.1 million in Q4 2022. Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue was 13.6% in Q4 2023 and 11.7% in Q4 2022, respectively. The 1.9% year over year increase results from the factors described above.

Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share. Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share increased by \$0.11 to \$0.54 in Q4 2023, compared to \$0.43 in Q4 2022. The 25.6% year over year increase results primarily from the factors described above.

Analysis of Results for Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022

Revenue. Total revenue was \$1,055.9 million in Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$104.2 million, or 10.9%, compared to \$951.7 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase in revenue was driven by growth in retail sales, as well as franchise and other revenues, as described in more detail below.

Retail sales. Retail sales were \$421.8 million in Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$19.2 million, or 4.8%, as compared to \$402.6 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase in retail sales was primarily attributable to higher same-store sales growth, and new stores opened in the last 12 months partially offset by re-franchised stores.

Franchise and other revenues. Franchise and other revenues were \$634.0 million in Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$84.9 million, or 15.5%, as compared to \$549.1 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase in franchise and other revenues was mostly driven by higher wholesale merchandise sales of \$67.9 million,

higher royalties and sub-lease revenues of \$9.5 million, and higher franchise contributions for advertising and other services of \$7.5 million primarily due to: (i) higher same-store sales growth; (ii) an increase in the number of franchised stores in the last 12 months; and (iii) higher fill rates to our franchisees.

Same-store sales growth. Same-store sales growth was 5.2% in Fiscal 2023 primarily driven by a 4.4% increase in same-store average spend per transaction and a 0.7% increase in same-store transactions. Same-store sales growth in Fiscal 2023 included a negative impact of approximately 0.3%, due to the timing of New Year's day. This is compared to same-store sales growth of 17.1% in Fiscal 2022 which primarily consisted of an 11.8% increase in same-store transactions and a 4.8% increase in same-store average spend per transaction.

Gross profit. Gross profit increased by \$12.8 million, or 3.6%, to \$365.1 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$352.3 million in Fiscal 2022. Gross profit margin was 34.6% of revenue in Fiscal 2023 compared to 37.0% in Fiscal 2022. Excluding the costs related to the supply chain transformation of 1.1%, the gross profit margin was 35.7% and decreased by 1.3%. The gross profit margin decrease was primarily driven by: (i) the unfavourable impact of the weaker Canadian dollar on non-domestic sourced products primarily denominated in U.S. dollars; (ii) duty and vendor recoveries in Fiscal 2022 associated with COVID relief measures and supply chain disruptions; (iii) higher discounts related to planned promotional activity; and (iv) higher wholesale merchandise sales due to increased franchise penetration and improved fill rates to franchisees partially offset by (v) favourable product margins including lower inbound freight costs.

SG&A expenses. SG&A expenses were \$204.4 million in Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$12.3 million, or 6.4%, compared to \$192.1 million in Fiscal 2022. SG&A expenses represented 19.4% and 20.2% of total revenue for Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. The increase of \$12.3 million in SG&A expenses was mostly due to: (i) increased compensation costs as a result of headcount and salary investments partially offset by lower variable compensation; (ii) higher depreciation and amortization on property, equipment, and software from store growth and information technology investments; (iii) higher advertising expenses; and partially offset by (iv) lower professional fees.

Operating income. Operating income increased by \$0.5 million to \$160.7 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$160.2 million in Fiscal 2022. The change in operating income is explained by the factors impacting gross profit and SG&A expenses described above.

Net interest expense. Net interest expense was \$30.6 million in Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$10.2 million, or 49.7%, compared to \$20.5 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase was primarily driven by higher interest expense on the 2021 Term Facility (as hereinafter defined) resulting from higher interest rates compared to Fiscal 2022.

Income taxes. Income taxes were \$35.6 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to \$37.9 million in Fiscal 2022, a decrease of \$2.3 million year over year. The decrease in income taxes was primarily the result of lower taxable earnings in Fiscal 2023. The effective income tax rate was 28.5% in Fiscal 2023 compared to 27.3% in Fiscal 2022. The Fiscal 2023 effective tax rate was higher than the blended statutory rate of 26.5% primarily because of the loss on the derecognition of the call option and impairment related to an investment in associate and non-deductible expenses. The Fiscal 2022 effective tax rate was higher than the blended statutory rate of 26.5% primarily because of non-deductible expenses.

Net income. Net income decreased by \$11.2 million to \$89.5 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$100.8 million in Fiscal 2022. In addition to the factors described above, the change in net income is also explained by the impairment and loss on the derecognition of the call option related to an investment in associate and a decrease in loss on foreign exchange of \$0.9 million in Fiscal 2023.

Diluted net income per share attributable to the common shareholders. Diluted net income per share attributable to the common shareholders decreased by \$0.16 to \$1.24 in Fiscal 2023, compared to

\$1.40 in Fiscal 2022. The 11.4% year over year decrease results primarily from the decrease in net income as explained by the factors described above.

Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA increased by \$16.2 million, or 7.5%, to \$231.0 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$214.8 million in Fiscal 2022. Adjusted EBITDA excludes \$6.9 million of higher costs from business transformation, investment in associate, share-based compensation, information technology transformation, other professional fees, asset impairment, and loss on foreign exchange. Adjusted EBITDA also increased due to higher EBITDA of \$9.3 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022. Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue was 21.9% and 22.6% in Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022, respectively.

Adjusted Net Income. Adjusted Net Income increased by \$2.0 million to \$116.5 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$114.6 million in Fiscal 2022. Adjusted Net Income as a percentage of revenue was 11.0% in Fiscal 2023 and 12.0% in Fiscal 2022, respectively. The 1.0% year over year decrease results from the factors described above.

Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share. Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share increased by \$0.02 to \$1.61 in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$1.59 in Fiscal 2022. The 1.3% year over year increase results primarily from the factors described above.

Total Assets

Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022

Total assets were \$916.9 million at Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$176.7 million or 23.9%, compared to \$740.2 million at Fiscal 2022. The change was mostly explained by an increase in right-of-use assets of \$155.7 million resulting from the new GTA and MVR distribution centres, and renewal of existing leases, an increase in property and equipment of \$28.7 million mostly due to the new GTA distribution centre and leasehold improvements for stores, higher lease receivables of \$22.4 million resulting from sublease renewals, the opening of new franchise stores, and an increase in re-franchised stores, partially offset by a decrease in cash of \$34.6 million (refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources").

Total Non-Current Liabilities

Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022

Total non-current liabilities were \$674.9 million at Fiscal 2023, an increase of \$124.3 million, compared to \$550.6 million at Fiscal 2022. The increase was mostly driven by an increase in long-term lease liabilities of \$163.9 million resulting from the new GTA and MVR distribution centres, the growth in store count and renewal of existing leases, an increase in provisions of \$2.6 million primarily due to the new GTA distribution centre, partially offset by lower long-term debt of \$44.6 million as a result of a voluntary \$28.0 million repayment of amounts drawn on the 2021 Term Facility in addition to the mandatory quarterly principal repayments.

Selected Quarterly Results and Performance Measures

The following table summarizes selected results of the Company's operations for the last eight most recently completed quarters (information is in thousands of Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted). The unaudited quarterly results, excluding other performance measures, have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. Due to seasonality, the results of operations for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the fiscal year. In general, the fourth quarter has the strongest volume due to the holiday season. Additionally, quarterly performance can be impacted by the timing of holidays and significant weather changes. For Fiscal 2022, the results include the consolidation of Chico from the acquisition date of February 25, 2022. Also, on January 3, 2022, additional restrictions were put in place across provinces in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. In February 2022, most provinces started easing restrictions and in Ontario, all capacity limitations were lifted as of March 1, 2022.

	Fiscal 2023				Fiscal 2022			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks
IFRS Measures								
Revenue	\$286,908	\$262,294	\$256,373	\$250,292	\$266,044	\$244,724	\$227,676	\$213,253
Gross profit	\$ 98,501	\$ 87,317	\$ 92,105	\$ 87,214	\$ 96,304	\$ 93,542	\$ 85,371	\$ 77,080
Gross profit margin	34.3%	33.3%	35.9%	34.8%	36.2%	38.2%	37.5%	36.1%
Operating Income	\$ 48,265	\$ 37,370	\$ 40,224	\$ 34,867	\$ 42,411	\$ 43,311	\$ 39,309	\$ 35,161
Net income	\$ 28,765	\$ 17,976	\$ 24,078	\$ 18,729	\$ 25,881	\$ 26,986	\$ 25,278	\$ 22,621
Weighted average number of common shares (in thousands)	71,464	71,464	71,234	70,985	70,762	70,576	70,336	70,128
Weighted average number of diluted common shares (in thousands)	72,296	72,138	72,294	72,246	72,135	71,828	71,794	71,666
Basic net income per share attributable to the common shareholders	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.32
Diluted net income per share attributable to the common shareholders	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.32
Non-IFRS Measures and Supplementary Financial Measures								
System-wide sales ⁽¹⁾	\$379,013	\$357,153	\$343,918	\$339,649	\$360,634	\$331,649	\$312,508	\$285,928
System-wide stores	783	766	758	751	744	729	717	705
Same-store sales growth	1.9%	4.2%	6.0%	9.4%	11.8%	14.7%	21.2%	22.8%
EBITDA	\$ 63,520	\$ 48,151	\$ 51,108	\$ 43,759	\$ 52,424	\$ 52,157	\$ 48,611	\$ 44,030
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$ 71,256	\$ 57,167	\$ 53,817	\$ 48,798	\$ 59,301	\$ 56,954	\$ 51,807	\$ 46,782
Adjusted Net Income ⁽²⁾	\$ 39,096	\$ 28,222	\$ 26,268	\$ 22,952	\$ 31,127	\$ 30,749	\$ 27,876	\$ 24,819
Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share ⁽²⁾	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.35

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ System-wide sales in Q1, Q2, Q3, and Q4 2022 includes sales from Chico of \$9.7 million, \$24.6 million, \$27.5 million, and \$29.6 million respectively (see "Acquisition of Chico"). Q1 2023 includes system-wide sales from Chico of \$28.6 million.

⁽²⁾ In Q3 2022, the Company revised its definition of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income to exclude the gain or loss on the fair value of the call option related to an investment in an associate. Comparative figures prior to Q2 2022 are not impacted by the change in definition. The previously reported Q2 2022 Adjusted EBITDA of \$52.1 million was revised to exclude a \$0.2 million gain on the fair value of the call option. The previously reported Q2 2022 Adjusted Net Income of \$28.1 million was revised to exclude a \$0.2 million gain on the fair value of the call option, net of tax.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods indicated (in thousands unless otherwise noted):

	Fiscal 2023				Fiscal 2022			
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	
	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	
Reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net income	\$ 17,976	\$ 24,078	\$ 18,729	\$ 25,881	\$ 26,986	\$ 25,278	\$ 22,621	
Depreciation and amortization	14,187	10,904	10,628	10,332	9,595	9,270	8,876	
Interest expenses, net	8,128	7,155	6,907	6,429	5,508	4,560	3,981	
Income tax expense	7,860	8,971	7,495	9,782	10,068	9,503	8,552	
EBITDA	48,151	51,108	43,759	52,424	52,157	48,611	44,030	
Adjustments to EBITDA:								
Information technology transformation costs ⁽¹⁾	1,294	429	722	1,984	1,252	1,007	1,070	
Business transformation costs ⁽²⁾	3,124	948	1,580	1,482	834	381	—	
Other professional fees ⁽³⁾	167	349	—	714	163	348	648	
Share-based compensation ⁽⁴⁾	1,025	963	1,001	1,930	1,799	1,492	1,027	
Asset impairments ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	448	—	—	—	
Loss (gain) on foreign exchange ⁽⁶⁾	246	(113)	311	180	832	120	(21)	
Investment in associate ⁽⁷⁾	3,160	133	1,425	139	(83)	(152)	28	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 57,167	\$ 53,817	\$ 48,798	\$ 59,301	\$ 56,954	\$ 51,807	\$ 46,782	

Notes:

- (1) Represents discrete, project-based implementation costs associated with new information technology systems and discrete SaaS arrangements for transformational initiatives supporting merchandise planning, inventory and order management, e-commerce and omni-channel capabilities, customer relationship management and other key processes.
- (2) For Fiscal 2023 and 2022, represents expenses associated with supply chain transformation initiatives such as duplicative warehousing and distribution costs, implementation costs associated with new information technology systems, and other transition costs incurred during the transition to a new distribution centre.
- (3) Professional fees primarily incurred with respect to: (i) the CRA's examination of the Company's Canadian tax filings for the 2016 fiscal year and in Fiscal 2023 for the 2018 fiscal year; (ii) acquisition and integration costs incurred in relation to Chico in Fiscal 2022, and (iii) professional fees incurred with respect to the 2022 Secondary Offering and 2023 Secondary Offering.
- (4) Represents share-based compensation in respect of our amended and restated share option plan, long-term incentive plan, and deferred share unit plan.
- (5) Non-cash impairment charge taken against certain right-of-use assets for closed or relocated corporate-owned stores.
- (6) Represents foreign exchange gains and losses.
- (7) Represents the Company's share of loss from associate and the gain or loss on the fair value of the related call option. During Q3 2022, the Company revised its definition of Adjusted EBITDA to exclude the gain or loss on the fair value of the call option related to an investment in associate. Comparative figures prior to Q2 2022 are not impacted by the change in definition. The previously reported Q2 2022 Adjusted EBITDA of \$52.1 million was revised to exclude a \$0.2 million gain on the fair value of the call option.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income for the periods indicated (in thousands unless otherwise noted):

	Fiscal 2023				Fiscal 2022			
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	
	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	13 weeks	
Reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income:								
Net income	\$ 17,976	\$ 24,078	\$ 18,729	\$ 25,881	\$ 26,986	\$ 25,278	\$ 22,621	
Adjustments to net income:								
Information technology transformation costs ⁽¹⁾	1,294	429	722	1,984	1,252	1,007	1,070	
Business transformation costs ⁽²⁾	6,704	948	1,580	1,482	834	381	—	
Other professional fees ⁽³⁾	167	349	—	714	163	348	648	
Share-based compensation ⁽⁴⁾	1,025	963	1,001	1,930	1,799	1,492	1,027	
Asset impairments ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	448	—	—	—	
Loss (gain) on foreign exchange ⁽⁶⁾	246	(113)	311	180	832	120	(21)	
Investment in associate ⁽⁷⁾	3,160	133	1,425	139	(83)	(152)	28	
Tax effect of adjustments to net income	(2,350)	(519)	(816)	(1,631)	(1,034)	(598)	(554)	
Adjusted Net Income	\$ 28,222	\$ 26,268	\$ 22,952	\$ 31,127	\$ 30,749	\$ 27,876	\$ 24,819	

Notes:

- (1) Represents implementation costs associated with new information technology systems and discrete SaaS arrangements for transformational initiatives supporting merchandise planning, inventory and order management, e-commerce and omni-channel capabilities, customer relationship management and other key processes.
- (2) For Fiscal 2023 and 2022, represents expenses associated with supply chain transformation initiatives such as duplicative warehousing and distribution costs, implementation costs associated with new information technology systems, and other transition costs incurred during the transition to a new distribution centre. From Q3 2023 onward, this also includes duplicative depreciation expense on property and equipment and right-of-use assets, and interest expense on lease liabilities.
- (3) Professional fees primarily incurred with respect to: (i) the CRA's examination of the Company's Canadian tax filings for the 2016 fiscal year and in Fiscal 2023 for the 2018 fiscal year; (ii) acquisition and integration costs incurred in relation to Chico in Fiscal 2022; and (iii) professional fees incurred with respect to the 2022 Secondary Offering and 2023 Secondary Offering.
- (4) Represents share-based compensation in respect of our amended and restated share option plan, long-term incentive plan, and deferred share unit plan.
- (5) Non-cash impairment charge taken against certain right-of-use assets for closed or relocated corporate-owned stores.
- (6) Represents foreign exchange gains and losses.
- (7) Represents the Company's share of loss from associate and the gain or loss on the fair value of the related call option. During Q3 2022, the Company revised its definition of Adjusted Net Income to exclude the gain or loss on the fair value of the call option related to an investment in associate. Comparative figures prior to Q2 2022 are not impacted by the change in definition. The previously reported Q2 2022 Adjusted Net Income of \$28.1 million was revised to exclude a \$0.2 million gain on the fair value of the call option, net of tax.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our primary sources of liquidity and capital resources are cash generated from operating activities and borrowings under our credit facility. Our principal uses of funds are operating expenses, working capital, capital expenditures, and debt service requirements.

As at the end of Fiscal 2023, available liquidity was approximately \$158.4 million, as compared to \$193.0 million as at the end of Fiscal 2022, and was comprised of:

- cash and cash equivalents of \$28.4 million, as compared to \$63.0 million as at the end of Fiscal 2022; and
- available borrowings of \$130.0 million under the 2021 Revolving Facility (as hereinafter defined), as at the end of Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents combined with the expected cash flow from operations and liquidity to be available under the 2021 Credit Facilities (as hereinafter defined) will be sufficient to finance our continued operations for at least the next 12 months, including our operating expenses, capital expenditures, debt service and return to shareholders. In addition, we believe that our capital structure provides us with significant financial flexibility to pursue our future growth strategies and provide returns to shareholders, including through repurchases of common shares and increases, where appropriate, in our targeted dividend policy. However, our ability to fund operating expenses, capital expenditures, future debt service requirements, future growth strategies and return to shareholders will depend on, among other things, our future operating performance, which will be affected by general economic, financial and other factors, including factors beyond our control. See “Risk Factors” and “Summary of Factors Affecting Performance” in this MD&A.

Credit Facilities

2021 Credit Agreement

In connection with the Company's initial public offering of common shares, the Company entered into a credit agreement with a syndicate of lenders (the “2021 Credit Agreement”) which provides for (i) a \$355.0 million term facility (the “2021 Term Facility”) and (ii) a \$130.0 million revolving credit facility (the “2021 Revolving Facility”), a portion of which not in excess of \$20.0 million shall be available for the issuance of letters of credit in Canadian or U.S. dollars (collectively referred to as the “2021 Credit Facilities”).

The 2021 Credit Facilities mature on June 30, 2026. The 2021 Term Facility is repayable in quarterly instalments and contains mandatory prepayment provisions with respect to non-ordinary course asset sales, excess cash flow and issuances of debt obligations (excluding debt permitted to be incurred under the 2021 Credit Agreement) by the Company and its subsidiaries (in each case, subject to customary thresholds, qualifications and exceptions set forth in the 2021 Credit Agreement). Voluntary prepayments of the 2021 Term Facility are permitted at any time (subject to minimum repayment amounts and customary notice periods set forth in the 2021 Credit Agreement) without premium or penalty (other than customary “breakage” costs, if applicable) and will reduce the scheduled principal repayments. The 2021 Credit Agreement provides that amounts under the 2021 Revolving Facilities may be borrowed, repaid and re-borrowed.

Borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facilities will bear interest, according to the type of borrowing advanced, at short-term floating rates, plus a margin per annum depending on the Company's net total

leverage ratio. As at the end of Fiscal 2023, the effective interest rate on the 2021 Credit Facilities was 7.58% (Fiscal 2022 — 6.87%).

As at the end of Fiscal 2023, the aggregate amount outstanding under the 2021 Term Facility and 2021 Revolving Facility was \$295.9 million and \$nil, respectively.

The obligations under the 2021 Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company and are secured by a charge over substantially all of the property and assets of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The 2021 Credit Agreement contains affirmative and negative covenants customary for credit facilities of this nature, subject to certain exceptions set forth in the 2021 Credit Agreement. The 2021 Credit Agreement also contains certain financial covenants over the term of the 2021 Credit Facilities which includes a net leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio. As at the end of Fiscal 2023, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants.

During Fiscal 2023, the Company amended the 2021 Credit Agreement to update the type of borrowing advanced at short-term floating rates. Specifically, the reference rates were modified from the LIBOR rate and the bankers' acceptance rate to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") and Canadian reference rate, respectively.

Deferred financing costs

In connection with the 2021 Credit Agreement, deferred financing costs of \$5.7 million were incurred. The total unamortized deferred financing costs were \$2.7 million as at the end of Fiscal 2023 and are being amortized using the effective interest rate method. These amounts were included as interest expense.

Cash Flows

The following table presents cash flows for the periods indicated:

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 30,	December 31,	December 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	13 weeks	13 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 55,214	\$ 46,940	\$ 135,344	\$ 123,524
Net cash used in financing activities	(36,669)	(20,270)	(153,777)	(92,804)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,676)	(11,429)	(16,154)	(17,325)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	234	11	(3)	(429)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 17,103	\$ 15,252	\$ (34,590)	\$ 12,966

Analysis of Cash Flow for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023

Net cash provided by operating activities:

For Q4 2023, net cash provided by operating activities totalled \$55.2 million, an increase of \$8.3 million, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$46.9 million in Q4 2022. The increase is explained by a combined \$5.7 million net change in operating working capital comprised of a \$3.6 million increase in net operating working capital in Q4 2023 compared to a decrease of \$2.1 million in Q4 2022. The change is explained by: (i) lower prepaids due to the timing of lease payments; (ii) higher accounts payable and accrued liabilities due to the timing of payments related to inventory purchases and non-trade related payables; partially offset by (iii) higher inventory due to timing of purchases; and (iv) higher

receivables due to timing of franchisee billings. The remaining increase was due to higher net income of \$10.3 million (adjusted for items not involving cash) partially offset by higher federal corporate tax instalments of \$7.8 million, including a \$4.0 million payment in relation to the Company's 2018 taxation year reassessment (refer to "Income Taxes" for more information).

For Fiscal 2023, net cash provided by operating activities totalled \$135.3 million, an increase of \$11.8 million, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$123.5 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase is explained by a combined \$15.6 million net change in operating working capital comprised of a \$23.8 million decrease in net operating working capital in Fiscal 2023 compared to a decrease of \$39.3 million in Fiscal 2022. The change is explained by: (i) lower inventory due to the timing of purchases and global supply chain improvements; (ii) lower prepaids due to the timing of lease payments; (iii) lower receivables due to the timing of franchisee billings, construction of new and existing stores, and collection of tenant allowances; partially offset by (iv) lower accounts payable and accrued liabilities due to the timing of payments. The remaining increase was due to \$11.0 million of higher net income (adjusted for items not involving cash) and security deposits paid in Fiscal 2022 of \$5.1 million in relation to new GTA distribution centre lease agreement, partially offset by higher federal corporate tax instalments of \$19.8 million, including a \$4.0 million payment in relation to the Company's 2018 taxation year reassessment (refer to "Income Taxes" for more information).

Net cash used in financing activities:

For Q4 2023, net cash used in financing activities totalled \$36.7 million, compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$20.3 million in Q4 2022. The increase is primarily driven by: (i) higher principal and interest payments on lease liabilities due to the timing of payments, the new GTA distribution centre and store network expansion; (ii) absence of proceeds from the exercise of share options; (iii) higher dividends paid on common shares due to an increase in dividends per common share; and (iv) higher principal repayments on the 2021 Term Facility.

For Fiscal 2023, net cash used in financing activities totalled \$153.8 million, compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$92.8 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase is primarily driven by: (i) a \$28.0 million voluntary repayment of amounts drawn on the 2021 Term Facility and quarterly principal payments to the 2021 Term Facility; (ii) higher dividends paid on common shares due to an increase in dividends per common share; (iii) higher principal and interest payments on lease liabilities due to the new GTA distribution centre, store network expansion and renewal of existing leases; and (iv) lower proceeds from the exercise of share options; partially offset by (v) lower interest payments on the long-term debt due to the timing of payments.

Net cash used in investing activities:

For Q4 2023, net cash used in investing activities totalled \$1.7 million, compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$11.4 million in Q4 2022. The decrease is explained by lower Net Capital Expenditures⁽¹⁾ of \$8.4 million due to: (i) lower expenditures on the construction in progress of the new distribution centres and lower expenditures on leasehold improvements and furniture and fixtures for corporate-owned stores; and (ii) higher proceeds on disposal of property and equipment from the sale of corporate-owned stores to franchisees. The decrease is also explained by higher payments of principal and interest from lease receivables.

For Fiscal 2023, net cash used in investing activities totalled \$16.2 million, compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$17.3 million in Fiscal 2022. This decrease is explained by lower business acquisition costs as the comparative year included the acquisition of Chico, higher payments of principal and interest from lease receivables and notes receivable, and no additional investments in HAFTAL, partially offset by higher Net Capital Expenditures of \$15.2 million. The increase in Net Capital

Expenditures was due to: (i) construction-in-progress of the new distribution centres; (ii) leasehold improvements and furniture and fixtures for corporate-owned stores; partially offset by (iii) higher proceeds on disposal of property and equipment from the sale of corporate-owned stores to franchisees.

(1) Net Capital Expenditures is a non-IFRS measure. Non-IFRS measures are not determined in accordance with IFRS, do not have standardized meanings and may not be comparable to similar financial measures presented by other companies. See "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business" for the definition of Net Capital Expenditures.

Free Cash Flows

The following table presents free cash flows for the periods indicated (in thousands unless otherwise noted).

	Quarters Ended		Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	13 weeks	13 weeks	52 weeks	52 weeks
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 55,214	\$ 46,940	\$ 135,344	\$ 123,524
Cash used in investing activities	(1,676)	(11,429)	(16,154)	(17,325)
Repayment of principal on lease liabilities	(13,876)	(7,371)	(52,944)	(43,212)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(5,347)	(3,065)	(16,498)	(11,853)
Notes receivable	(38)	(55)	(1,088)	(950)
Free Cash Flow	\$ 34,277	\$ 25,020	\$ 48,660	\$ 50,184

Analysis of Free Cash Flow for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023

Free cash flows amounted to \$34.3 million in Q4 2023 compared to \$25.0 million in Q4 2022, an increase of \$9.3 million primarily driven by a decrease in cash used for investing activities primarily due to lower Net Capital Expenditures and an increase in cash from operating activities, partially offset by an increase in payments of principal and interest on lease liabilities due to the timing of payments, the new GTA distribution centre and store network expansion.

Free cash flows amounted to \$48.7 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to \$50.2 million in Fiscal 2022, a decrease of \$1.5 million primarily driven by an increase in repayment of principal and interest on lease liabilities due to the new GTA distribution centre, store network expansion, and renewal of existing leases, partially offset by an increase in cash from operating activities and a decrease in cash used for investing activities.

Contractual Obligations, Guarantees, and Contingencies

The following table summarizes our significant undiscounted maturities of our contractual obligations and commitments as at the end of Fiscal 2023.

	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2026	Fiscal 2027	Fiscal 2028	Thereafter	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 88,416	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 88,416
Lease liabilities	85,529	87,506	71,088	61,474	48,021	189,564	543,182
Long-term debt	17,750	17,750	260,437	—	—	—	295,937
Purchase obligations ⁽¹⁾	10,065	—	—	—	—	—	10,065
Total contractual obligations	\$ 201,760	\$ 105,256	\$ 331,525	\$ 61,474	\$ 48,021	\$ 189,564	\$ 937,600

Notes:

(1) Represents purchase obligations to procure certain material handling systems and equipment for the new GTA and MVR distribution centres.

Guarantees of indebtedness

The Company had a guarantee related to certain lease obligations of a former subsidiary. As at the end of Fiscal 2023, these lease obligations were repaid in full by the former subsidiary and as such the guarantee was terminated. As at the end of Fiscal 2022, the future lease commitment related to the lease obligations under the guarantee was \$0.1 million (US\$0.1 million).

Bank comfort letters

The Company has provided comfort letters to certain financial institutions at their request when these financial institutions provide financing to new franchisees. In the comfort letters, the Company has agreed that for three years from the date of the letter, if the bank is forced to realize on its security, including inventory held by the franchisee, the Company will repurchase the inventory previously sold to the franchisee at a stated discount of 15%, provided that such inventory can be sold by the bank to the Company free and clear of any and all liens, charges and encumbrances or rights of others.

Standard practice is for the Company to realize its rights under the franchise agreement prior to the franchisee reaching default under their finance arrangement; therefore, the risk associated with being required to repurchase inventory under these comfort letters is considered remote. Accordingly, no amount has been provided for in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Litigation

The Company may, from time to time, be named as a defendant in legal proceedings that arise from its normal course of business. Although the amount of any liability that could arise with respect to any pending claims cannot be estimated, the Company believes that any such liability is not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on its financial position, operating results or liquidity.

Income Taxes

The Company is subject to routine audits of its tax filing positions by the Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA"). In September 2023, the CRA reassessed the Company an additional approximately \$6 million of income tax plus interest in respect of the Company's 2018 taxation year on the basis that certain interest expenses incurred in that year were not deductible. It is possible that the CRA will reassess certain subsequent taxation years on a similar basis. The Company has filed an objection to, and intends to vigorously contest, the reassessment. The Company and its tax advisors believe that the tax filing positions are appropriate. Accordingly, no amounts or provision has been recorded in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the 2018 reassessment.

The CRA is also currently examining the Company's tax filing positions for the 2016 year and subsequent taxation years with respect to certain cross-border matters. To date, the CRA has not proposed any reassessment of the Company's tax liability as a consequence of such audit. The Company and its tax advisors continue to believe that the Company's tax filing positions are appropriate, and accordingly no amounts have been recorded in the consolidated financial statements in respect of any potential reassessment which may result from such audit. If the CRA were to reassess the Company, the Company would vigorously oppose any such reassessment. The Company has tax insurance against the risk of the Company ultimately being unsuccessful in opposing certain potential reassessments that may arise in connection with its acquisition of its former interest in Pet Supermarket, Inc., although there can be no assurance that such insurance will fully cover the amount of tax which may ultimately be imposed.

Related Party Transactions

Employee loans

During the 52-week fiscal year ended December 28, 2019, the Company received a promissory note related to the exercise of options by an employee. During Fiscal 2023, the outstanding balance of \$0.5 million (US\$0.4 million) was repaid by the employee. This promissory note had a balance outstanding of \$0.5 million (US\$0.4 million) as at the end of Fiscal 2022.

Transition services agreement

On May 1, 2021, the Company entered into a transition services agreement with its former subsidiaries, pursuant to which the parties provide to each other certain information technology, real estate and human resources and benefits services on a no cost or at cost basis. The transition services agreement expired on August 23, 2023. The Company charged the former subsidiaries \$nil for Fiscal 2023 under the transition services agreement (Fiscal 2022 — \$0.1 million).

Product sourcing and brand license agreement

During the 52-week fiscal year ended January 1, 2022, the Company entered into a product sourcing and brand license agreement with a former subsidiary, pursuant to which the Company sources certain pet food and pet supply products licensed under the Company's proprietary brands in consideration of a sourcing fee. The original product sourcing and brand license agreement had an initial term of 18 months that was automatically renewable for successive 18-month terms unless earlier terminated upon notice. This agreement was amended and restated on August 10, 2022, and includes an initial term of five years, terminating on August 9, 2027, which automatically renews for successive 18-month periods unless earlier terminated. The Company earned sourcing fees of \$1.0 million for Fiscal 2023 under the product sourcing and brand license agreement (Fiscal 2022 — \$0.9 million).

Share Information

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series. The holders of common shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time by the Board of Directors. Shareholders are entitled to one vote per common share at shareholder meetings of the Company.

Preferred shares of each series, if and when issued, will, with respect to the payment of dividends, be entitled to preference over common shares. Except as provided in any special rights or restrictions attaching to any series of preferred shares issued from time to time, the holders of preferred shares will not be entitled to vote at any shareholder meetings of the Company.

As at March 4, 2024, there were 71,463,986 common shares and 2,921,688 share options, each exercisable for one common share, issued and outstanding.

For further details concerning the rights, privileges and restrictions attached to the common shares, please refer to the section entitled "Description of Share Capital" in the AIF.

Dividends

Subject to financial results, capital requirements, available cash flow, the need for funds to finance ongoing operations and other factors that the Board of Directors may consider relevant, it is the intention of the Board of Directors to declare a quarterly cash dividend. It is expected that future cash dividend payments will be made to common shareholders of record as at a date to be determined by the

Board of Directors. The actual payment, amount and timing of any dividends are not guaranteed and are subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors. See “Risk Factors” in this MD&A.

During Fiscal 2023, the Company paid \$28.5 million in dividends to holders of common shares or \$0.40 per common share (Fiscal 2022 — \$16.9 million or \$0.24 per common share; and Fiscal 2021 — \$0.7 million and \$0.01 per common share).

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The critical accounting estimates and judgments as disclosed in the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for Fiscal 2023 have been applied consistently in the preparation of this MD&A.

Risk Factors

For a detailed description of risk factors relating to the Company, please refer to the “Risk Factors” section of the Company’s AIF, which is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

The Company’s activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk, and interest rate risk. The Company’s overall risk management program and business practices seek to minimize any potential adverse effects on the Company’s consolidated financial performance. Risk management is carried out by the senior management team under policies approved by the Company’s Board of Directors.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk related to some of its purchases. Specifically, the Company sources some of its merchandise in U.S. dollars. Inventory purchases sourced outside Canada and primarily denominated in U.S. dollars represented approximately 23% on a trailing twelve months basis as at the end of Fiscal 2023.

The Company is also exposed to currency risks on financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. These assets and liabilities are of a short-term nature and management does not believe they represent a significant risk to the Company. As a result of the revaluation of these financial assets and liabilities, a five-percentage point change in the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar, assuming that all other variables are constant, would have changed income before income taxes for Fiscal 2023 by \$0.4 million (Fiscal 2022 — \$0.4 million) as a result of the revaluation on these financial assets and liabilities.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The 2021 Term Facility is at variable interest rates. Changes in short-term floating rates can cause fluctuations in interest payments and cash flows.

A one percentage point change in the applicable interest rate on the 2021 Credit Agreement based on the debt outstanding as at the end of Fiscal 2023 would have changed income before taxes for Fiscal 2023 by \$3.0 million (Fiscal 2022 — \$3.4 million).

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company’s cash and cash equivalents, accounts and other receivables and lease receivables. The risk on cash and cash

equivalents is mitigated by the fact that its deposits are with various high-quality financial institutions. The Company has receivables from its suppliers and from the Company's franchise operators. The credit risk on its receivables from suppliers is managed by the ability to offset any monies owed by the supplier against amounts owed to the suppliers. The management of credit risk on the Company's franchisee accounts receivable and lease receivable is maintained by having short settlement terms on these receivables and prior to accepting a franchisee, the Company undertakes a detailed screening process that includes the requirement that a franchisee has sufficient financing.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company mitigates liquidity risk by management of working capital, cash flows, and by maintaining various financing sources, including bank debt and finance leases. Adequate availability is maintained on the operating loan component of the Company's credit facility to minimize this risk. The Company's trade and other payables are all due within 12 months of each reporting period.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Adoption of new accounting standards and amendments

In February 2021, the IASB amended IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* and IAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*. The narrow-scope amendments require the disclosure of material accounting policy information rather than significant accounting policies and clarify how to distinguish changes in accounting estimates from changes in accounting policies. The Company has adopted these amendments in its consolidated financial statements for the 52-week period ended on December 30, 2023. The Company assessed the accounting policies disclosed and revised the disclosure to provide material accounting policy information rather than significant accounting policies.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted:

In January 2020, the IASB issued *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*, which amends IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The narrow-scope amendments affect only the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position and not the amount or timing of their recognition. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period and specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability. They also introduce a definition of "settlement" to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. In October 2022, the IASB issued further amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that aim to improve the information companies provide about long-term debt with covenants. The amendments to IAS 1 specify that covenants to be complied with after the reporting date do not affect the classification of debt as current or non-current at the reporting date. Instead, the amendments require a company to disclose information about these covenants in the notes to the financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. Earlier application is permitted. These amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In September 2022, the IASB issued *Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*, which amends IFRS 16, *Leases*. The narrow scope amendments add to requirements explaining how to account for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. These amendments will not change the accounting for leases other than those arising in a sale and leaseback transaction. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. Earlier application is permitted. These amendments are not expected to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its certifying officers, namely the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding public disclosure. An evaluation of the design of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined under National Instrument 52-109 - Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), was carried out under the supervision of the CEO and CFO and with the participation of the Company's management. Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the design and operation of these controls were effective as at December 30, 2023.

The Company also maintains a system of internal controls over financial reporting designed under the supervision of the Company's CEO and CFO to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. As required by NI 52-109, the CEO and the CFO have caused the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting to be evaluated using the framework (2013) established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on that evaluation, the CEO and the CFO have concluded that the design and operation of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, as defined by NI 52-109, were effective as at December 30, 2023.

Subsequent Events

On March 4, 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company declared a dividend of \$0.11 per common share payable on April 15, 2024 to holders of common shares of record as at the close of business on March 28, 2024.

Outlook

For the full year 2024, the Company expects:

- Revenue between \$1.11 and \$1.14 billion, supported by same-store sales growth of between 2% and 5%, 40 to 50 new store openings and higher wholesale merchandise sales penetration with Chico franchisees;
- Adjusted EBITDA between \$248 and \$254 million, supported by operating expense leverage, partially offset by pricing investment;
- Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share between \$1.57 and \$1.63, which incorporates approximately \$20 million pre-tax, or \$0.20 per diluted share, of incremental depreciation and lease liability interest expense associated with the new GTA and MVR distribution centres;
- Business transformation costs of approximately \$17 million pre-tax, information technology costs of approximately \$7 million pre-tax, and share-based compensation of approximately \$8 million pre-tax, all of which are excluded from Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income per Diluted Share; and
- Net Capital Expenditures of approximately \$55 million, roughly half of which is attributable to investments in the Company's supply chain transformation.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's AIF, is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. The Company's common shares are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "PET".